





"IntraOperative Radiation Therapy (IORT) in its broadest sense refers to the delivery of irradiation at the time of an operation.

IORT evolved as an attempt to achieve higher effective doses of irradiation while dose-limiting structures are surgically displaced."

"IntraOperative irradiation (IORT) refers to delivery of a single dose of irradiation to a surgically exposed tumor or tumor bed while the normal tissues are protected from the irradiation either by retracting the mobilized tissue or by shielding the anatomically fixed tissues. IORT has traditionally been performed by using an electron beam as the source of irradiation."

> [Intraoperative Irradiation. Techniques and Results, Calvo F.A., Gunderson L.L. et al., Current Clinical Oncology, Second Edition, 2011.]

LIAC HWL

Time zero between surgery and radiation

> **3.2** cm treated inside 90% isodose

Flexible and easy to use in multiple operating rooms

IntraOperative electron Radiation Therapy (IOeRT) is the most effective implementation of IORT technique and has been included in the ESTRO, ASTRO, NCCN and DEGRO Guidelines.

NO NEED OF SHIELDING

SIT

SIT

Only **100** seconds for IO@RT treatment

LIACHWL

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9999999 1999999 0 ••• SEM NECESSIDADE MAIS DE MOVIMENTAR D PACIENTE sistema permite efetuar o tratamento

imediatamente após a cirurgia para evitar mover o paciente da mesa de operações.

PESO LEVE DA UNIDADE MÓVEL:

o impacto na sala de operações é mínimo e nenhuma mudança estrutural é necessária. O peso do LIAC HWL é de 570 kg.

TRANSPORTE FÁCIL:

O LIAC HWL pode ser facilmente movido de uma sala de operações para outra e de um andar para outro com qualquer elevador para macas..



ESTABILIDADE EXTRAORDINÁRIA:

Os últimos desenvolvimentos tecnológicos foram aplicados no LIAC HWL para oferecer ao usuário uma estabilidade superior até um nível





PROCEDIMENTO DE HARD-DOCKING:

- procedimento rápido e fácil que pode ser efetuado em menos de 5 minutos;
- graças à estruturas arquitetónica LIAC HWL qualquer região anatómica pode ser facilmente alcançada;
- colimação do feixe repetível no alvo é garantida pela ampla gama de aplicadores.

5 GRAUS DE LIBERDADE:

3 graus independentes de mobilidade do cabeçote de radiação (elevação, ângulo de rotação e passo) e 2 graus de mobilidade da Unidade Móvel (para trás/para frente, esquerda/direita)

FLEXÍVEL E FÁCIL DE UTILIZAR

8

6

LIAC HWL is able to treat any clinical volume in the IOeRT environment.

By selecting the correct applicator/energy combination, it is possible to treat any neoplastic disease effectively and safely.

The 100% PMMA

(polymethylmethacrylate) applicator allows:

- implementation of the safest and fastest docking technique: the hard-docking;
- direct visualization of the surgical breach, thanks to the transparency of the material and the length of the terminal applicator;
- full compatibility with x-rays imaging;
- the minimum x-ray production;
- the maximum surface dose.

applicator terminal, to be placed in the surgical breach

The applicator is made of

two parts that are connected

during the hard-docking phase:



applicator holder, directly

connected to the radiant head

Depth in water [mm]

The appropriate energy and applicator selection allow to treat the target with a thickne of up to 3.8 cm inside the 80% isodose (up to 3.2 cm inside the 90% isodose).





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POWERFUL & SAFE

PLANNING TARGET VOLUME

HEALTHY TISSUE



Isodose curve, applicator Ø 6 cm, 12 MeV, 0° bevel angle.

The IOeRT technique ensures reduction of dose exposure of the healthy tissue during the irradiation.

In breast cancer treatment, the use of a radioprotection disc (Italian Patent no. 1392099) temporarily inserted between the target and the chest wall fully protects the healthy tissue underneath.

The disc is a medical device made of steel and PTFE (polytetrafluoroethylene), biocompatible and sterilizable materials; it is available in the following diameters: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 cm.

The disc has 4 holes placed along the crown, which allow adhesion to underlying tissues ensuring their protection.





LIAC HWL CAN BE INSTALLED IN ANY STANDARD OPERATING ROOM

The use of LIAC HWL is bound to the implementation of a radioprotection plan by a Radiation Protection Officer. The compilation of a radioprotection preliminary plan is strictly connected to the smooth and successful LIAC HWL installation and clinical use. Preparing an accurate radiation protection plan is very easy! Only the following installation site data are requested: - Architectural structure

- Electrical plant
- Radioprotection safety plants
- Required workload
- Surrounding rooms use and occupancy.

LIAC HWL HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE STRAY RADIATION.

IMPR

THE MINIMUM POSSIBLE AMOUNT OF STRAY RADIATION, FOR THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE WORKLOAD.





STRAY RADIATION IS MEASURED IN THREE DIFFERENT AREAS WITH RESPECT TO THE OPERATING ROOM WHERE LIAC HWL IS INSTALLED



LIAC HWL is provided with a specific barrier to be placed under the operating table, the beam absorber.

Beam absorber proper positioning is guaranteed by the shield positioning device (SPS) that provides the correct position of the beam absorber respect to the LIAC HWL Mobile Unit.

A specific interlock prevents the irradiation in case of beam absorber mispositioning.

AN EAS

| TVL (| (cm) |
|-------|------|
| - | |

| Angle | Lead | Concrete |
|-------|------|----------|
| 180° | 3,0 | 18 |

| Stray radiation | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| E [MeV] | SR at 1 m [µSv/Gy] | |
| 90° | 0.07 | |

Typical Scenario:

- Weekly workload 100 Gy/week
- Distance 1 m

- 20 cm concrete ceiling implies an attenuation greater tha 10; Stray Radiation downstairs SR_p , in the *HOT SPOT*, it is Calculed as $SR_p < 100 \text{ Gy/w} \cdot 0.07 \ \mu\text{Sv/Gy} \cdot 0.1 = 0.7 \ \mu\text{Sv/w} <<20 \ \mu\text{Sv/w}$

TVL (cm)

| Angle | Lead | Concrete | Drywall |
|-------|------|----------|---------|
| 90° | 1,3 | 12 | 30 |

| Stray | radiation |
|-------|-----------|
|-------|-----------|

| Drywall thickness [cm] | E [MeV] | SR at 3m [µSv/Gy] |
|---------------------------|------------|----------------------|
| 5 | 6 | 0.16 |
| | 12 | 0.20 |
| 6 | 6 | 0.15 |
| 0 | 12 | 0.18 |
| 7 | 6 | 0.13 |
| | 12 | 0.17 |

- Floor 7 cm drywall;

Typical Scenario:

- Distance 3 m

Stray Radiation downstairs SR_p , in the *HOT SPOT*, it is Calculed as

- Weekly workload 100 Gy/week

 $SR_p < 100 \text{ Gy/w} \cdot 0.17 \ \mu\text{Sv/Gy} = 17 \ \mu\text{Sv/Gy} = 17 \ \mu\text{Sv/w} << 20 \ \mu\text{Sv/w}$

| TVL (cm) | | | |
|----------|------|----------|---------|
| Angle | Lead | Concrete | Drywall |
| 90° | 1,3 | 12 | 30 |

Typical Scenario:

- Weekly workload 100 Gy/week

- Distance 3 m
- Floor 20 cm concrete;

Stray Radiation downstairs SR_{p} , in the *HOT SPOT*, it is Calculed as

 $SR_{p} < 100 \text{ Gy/w} \cdot 0.05 \ \mu\text{Sv/Gy} = 5 \ \mu\text{Sv/w} <<20 \ \mu\text{Sv/w}$



AND SAFE APPROACH TO RADIATION PROTECTION



IOPRT CAN BE PERFORMED EITHER AS:

- SINGLE DOSE, a single treatment which replaces the entire external radiotherapy cycle.
 (ELIOT protocol for breast cancer)
- BOOST, followed by a reduced external radiotherapy cycle.
 (HIOB protocol for breast cancer).

IOPRT SINGLE DOSE

or a selected class of patients

HYPOF-RACTIONATED EXTERNAL RT CYCLE or a selected class of patient

EXTERNAL STANDARD RT CYCLE

IOeRT BOOST + IYPOFRACTIONATED

PT

RNAL

ID. CRT treatment Surgical removal Hard-Docking **IOeRT** irradiat of the tumor surgery <mark>Б</mark> mir OC nin mir יוה 6 min 5 min

ADVANTAGES OF THE IO©RT TECHNIQUE

FOR PATIENTS:

- Reduction of the entire cycle to a single day!
- Elimination of side effects caused by conventional therapy.
- Decrease in costs to undergo treatment.

FOR SOCIETY:

Decrease of social costs associated to the need for care and lack of patient product

FOR MEDICAL FACILITY:

Substantial reductions in waiting lists for radiotherapy centers.

EFFECTIVE & QUICK







External radiation therapy treatment

ONLY 1 TREATMENT DELIVERED DURING SURGERY



FOR CLINICAL PRACTICE:

- Improvement of local control is a conditio sine qua non for disease free and overall survival.
- Reduction (in the case of boost) and elimination (in case of single dose) of the external radiotherapy cycle.
- Time zero between surgery and the delivery of radiotherapy, neoplastic cells growth from microscopic residual disease follows an exponential course immediately after surgery. Giving IOeRT this problem is solved.
- Precision, thanks to direct visualization of the target.
- Significant reduction of dose to healthy tissues, the direct access of irradiation to the target allows to displace and mechanically protect numerous dose-sensitive normal tissue uninvolved by cancer.
- Minimization of side effects, less toxicity, complete skin sparing and better cosmesis outcomes compared to external beam radiation therapy.
- Feasibility of the treatment as the only solution when external radiation therapy is critical or even not possible (treatments of recurrences, patients with a pacemaker or decreased mobility).
- IOeRT boost is particularly efficacious for the treatment of locally advanced cancers. IOeRT boost combined with external RT and chemotherapy allows to achieve excellent results of local control and overall survival (2016-2017 NCCN guidelines).

LIAC HWL COMMISSIONING

The LIAC HWL commissioning is performed in accordance with primary international protocols through the use of standard dosimetric instrumentation, as well as use of a proprietary software based on a Monte Carlo Simulation.

The use of such software allows to dramatically reduce (3 working days) the dosimetric characterization of the accelerator already during its acceptance test performed at the main factory.

The clinical dosimetry of the totality of combinations (4 energies x 9 diameters of the applicator x 4 bevel angles) is immediately available, thus allowing to overcome the need for execution of the whole experimental characterization.

The software results are generated starting from a simple set of experimental measurements and using a Monte Carlo library of simulated monochromatic beams across the whole spectral region.

Thanks to the user-friendly interface, these results are easy and quick to use. During the clinical phase, the display of real-time isodose curves guides the correct choice of applicator and energy.

PLUG & PLAY INSTALLATION

LIAC HWL is a plug & play device.

It is not necessary to conduct any upgrading in operating rooms.

It is sufficient to connect the mobile unit and the control unit by a dedicated cable.

The LIAC HWL installation only requires availability of:

- socket (230 mono-phase
- + ground [V] 50/60 [Hz]);
- acoustic and optical signaling system, where required.

After just 5 days after delivery at its destination site, the system is ready for the first IOeRT treatment.

Thanks to the experience gained over the years, SIT is able to run an ad hoc preliminary proteximetric studies based upon the hospital's operational needs and the selected operating room.

FAST COMMISSIONING



PDD analysis, applicator Ø 10 cm, 12 MeV energy, 0° bevel angle.



Isodose curve, applicator Ø 10 cm, 12 MeV energy, 0° bevel angle.

Just 5 days after delivery at hospital, LIAC HWL is ready for the first IOeRT treatment.

AND PLUG & PLAY INSTALLATION



day

LIAC HWL delivery to hospital and transport to operating room. Installation check; LIAC HWL is connected to the alarm and signal system of the operating room in order to verify proper functioning.

LIAC HWL dosimetric check.

Training for IOeRT staff.

First patient treatment.



Day 5

SIT has 2 operating sites in Italy: Administration and Legal Affairs, Purchase and Logistics, Marketing and Sales Department are located in Vicenza, whilst R&D, Manufacturing, Technical Department, Quality and Regulatory Affairs, and After Sales Service are located in Aprilia.

SIT has been able to build so far a wide and solid network of agents and distributors worldwide, which contribute actively and constantly to the promotion of high technology in the field of IOeRT all over the world.

Italy Austria **Belgium** Chile **Costa Rica** Cuba Ecuador Georgia Germany Greece Iran Israel Kazakhstan Kuwait Mexico Poland Russia Saudi Arabia Spain Switzerland Thailand Turkey **USA** - Florida **USA - Illinois USA** - Oklahoma



INSTALLATION SITES

WORLDWIDE SERVICE ENGINEERS NETWORK COORDINATED BY SIT HEADQUARTER.

| FEATURE | VALUE | |
|--|---|--|
| Nominal Energies (model 12 MeV) | 6, 8, 10, 12 [MeV] | |
| Nominal Energies (model 10 MeV) | 4, 6, 8, 10 [MeV] | |
| Surface Dose | ≥ 88 % model 10 MeV ≥ 90 % model 12 MeV | |
| Beam Current | ≤1.5 [mA] | |
| Field Dimensions | Ø: 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 [cm] (9, 12 [cm] on request) Angles: 0°, 15°, 30°, 45° | |
| Flatness (maximum energy value) | ≤ 16 % Ø 12 [cm] ≤ 7 % Ø 10 [cm] ≤ 4 % Ø 9 [cm] ≤ 3 % Ø 8, 7, 6 [cm] ≤ 9 % Ø 4, 5 [cm] ≤ 12 % Ø 3 [cm] | |
| Symmetry (maximum energy value) | ≤3% | |
| Applicator length | 40 [cm] | |
| Source Surface Distance (SSD) | 64.5 [cm] | |
| Dose rate (applicator Ø 10 cm) | 10 ÷ 30 [Gy/min] | |
| E-gun pulse duration | ≤4 [µs] | |
| Long term stability | ≤ 3% | |
| Short term stability | ≤1% | |
| Linearity | ≤1% | |
| PDD Bremsstrahlung tail | ≤ 0.4 % | |
| Stray radiation in patient plane @ 3 m distance | < 0.2 µSv/Gy | |
| MOBILE UNIT | | |
| Length | 210 [cm] 83 [inch] | |
| Width | 76 [cm] 30 [inch] | |
| Height (minimum value) | 180[cm] 71[inch] | |
| Weight | 570 [kg] 1257 [lb] | |
| CONTROL UNIT | | |
| Length | 80 [cm] 32 [inch] | |
| Width | 60[cm] 24[inch] | |
| Height | 120 [cm] 47 [inch] | |
| Weight | 120 [kg] 265 [lb] | |
| ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS | | |
| Temperature | 18÷25[°C] 64.4÷77[°F] | |
| Relative humidity | 30 ÷ 75 % (not condensing) | |
| Voltage | 230 mono-phase + ground [V] | |
| Voltage variation | ±10% | |
| Frequency | 50/60 [Hz] | |
| Nominal capacity | 2 [kVA] | |
| Environment power dissipation | 1.8 [kW] | |
| ACCESSORIES | | |
| Mobile radioprotection barrier | lateral barrier beam absorber (horizontal) | |
| Suturable Radioprotection Disc | Ø: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 [cm] | |
| Software | MU Calculation Dose View | |



TECHNICAL FEATURES



For more information about scientific and clinical evidences related to IOeRT technique: **ISIORT** web www.isiort.org

SIT Patents:

RADIATION DOSE CONTROL DEVICE FOR CONTROLLING AN ELECTRON **BEAM PULSE DELIVERED DURING IORT**

ABSORBER DEVICE

DEVICE FOR SHAPING AN ELECTRON BEAM OF A MACHINE FOR INTRAOPERATIVE RADIATION THERAPY

IORT MEDICAL ACCELERATOR WITH A PARTICLES BEAM ENERGY **MEASURING DEVICE**

SHIELDING DEVICE, IN PARTICULAR FROM **RADIATION EMITTED** BY AN ELECTRON ACCELERATOR

> MACHINE FOR INTRAOPERATIVE **RADIATION THERAPY**

A IONIZING RADIATION BEAM DETECTOR

LIAC HWL

TREATMENT PLANNING SYSTEM (TPS) FOR IOeRT (PATENT PENDING)

Registered Office

Operative Head Quarter & Main Factory Premises

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Management System ISO 9001:2015 EN ISO 13485:2016 **TÜV**Rheinland CERTIFIED www.tuv.com ID 9105081319



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